

Clinical Study Synopsis for Public Disclosure

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A synopsis is not intended to provide a comprehensive analysis of all data currently available regarding a particular drug. More current information regarding a drug is available in the approved labeling information which may vary from country to country..

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Name of company: Boehringer Ingelheim		Synopsis	Boehringer	
BI proprietary name:			Ingelheim	
Movalis [®]		Dago		
Meloxicam (UHAC	62 XX)	l of 5		
Report date:	Trial no./Doc. no.:	Dates of trial:	Date of revision:	
<mark>2019</mark>	0107-0277/	From 09 Oct 2018 to	Not applicable	
	c26468095-01	06 Nov 2018		
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Title of trial				
An open-label, randomised, single-dose, two-way crossover study in evaluate the relative bioavailability of a new oral formulation of me Movalis [®] tablets 15 mg, after administration under fasting state.			nale and female subjects to Aovalis [®] capsules 15 mg, versus	
Lay title				
A study to compare	the amount of meloxicam	in the blood when it is taken as	capsules or as tablets.	
Principal/Coordina	ating investigator			
Dr.	. MD, PhD.			
		Russia		
Trial sites with ser	aanad subjects	Kussia.		
40 subjects were sci Federation.	reened and of which, 26 su	bjects were randomized and trea	ated at one site in Russian	
Publications				
Not applicable				
Clinical phase: Pha	ase I- Bioequivalence trial			
Objectives				
Primary objective:				
To investigate the re Secondary objective	elative bioavailability of M	lovalis [®] capsules 15 mg versus l	Movalis [®] tablets 15 mg.	
To determine the bi	oequivalence between Mov	valis [®] capsules 15 mg and Mova	lis [®] tablets 15 mg	
To assess the safety and the tolerability of Movalis [®] capsules 15 mg and Movalis [®] tablets 15 mg.				
Methodology				
The trial was a randomised, two-period, two-sequence, single-dose, open-label and crossover trial in healthy male and female subjects in fasting conditions.				
Hospitalization of subjects occurred from the evening before administration until 24 hours postadministration				
Product administration: one dose of Movalis [®] capsules 15 mg (Test product) or Movalis [®] tablets 15 mg (Reference product) in fasting conditions, in each trial period.				
Blood samplings were collected before admini administration: 0:30,1:00, 2:00,3:00, 4:00, 5:00 72:00 h		stration (t = -2:00 h) and at the 0, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 10:00, 12:00	following times after each 0, 24:00, 32:00. 48:00 and	
Washout period: 7 days between drug admin		istrations.		
Analytical method	: HPLC-MS/MS			
Relevant pharmacokinetic parameters: AUC_{0-t} , C_{max} and $AUC_{0-\infty}$.				

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Number of subject	S					
Planned:	Screened:	40 subjects.				
	Entered: 2	6 subjects.				
Actual:	Screened:	40 subjects.				
	Entered: 20	6 subjects.				
	Movalis [®] of	capsules 15 mg (Test formulatio	n , T)			
	Entered: 2	6 Treated: 26 Analyzed (for primary endpoint): 26				
	Movalis [®] f	tablets 15 mg (Reference formulation R)				
Entered 2		6 Treated: 26 Analyzed (for primary endpoint): 26				
Diagnosis	Diagnosis					
Not applicable						
Main criteria for in	nclusion					
The trial included h between 18.50 -29.9	ealthy male and female sub 99 kg/m ² , inclusive.	pjects aged 18-45 years, with bo	dy mass index by Quetelet			
The verified diagnosis was "healthy" according to the conclusion of the investigator, based on the information in the anamnesis, the results of the physical examination, the ECG, the results of measurement of vital signs (blood pressure, heart rate, breathing rate, and body temperature), and laboratory indicators.						
BI investigational	product: Movalis [®] of	Movalis [®] capsules (T)				
Dose:	15 mg					
Mode of administr	ation: Oral with 2	200 mL of water after an overnight fast of at least 10 h				
Expiry date:	30.06.2020	0.				
Manufacturing Ba	tch No.: 744608A					
Comparator produ	rator product: Movalis [®] tablets (R)					
Dose: 15 mg						
Expiry date:	28.02.202	1.				
Manufacturing Ba	tch No.: 844072					
Mode of administr	ation: Oral with 2	200 mL of water after an overnight fast of at least 10 h				
		c	-			

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Duration of treatment

One day (single dose) for each period

clinical pharmacology criteria for evaluation

Primary endpoints: AUC_{0-t} and C_{max.}

Secondary endpoints: AUC_{0-∞}.

Further endpoints: AUC_{res}, K_{el} , t_{max} and $t^{1/2}$.

Safety criteria for evaluation

Vital signs (blood pressure, pulse rate, temperature, respiratory rate), global assessment, physical examination, 12-lead ECG, laboratory tests, adverse events.

Statistical methods

To demonstrate bioequivalence, the 90% confidence interval for AUC_{0-t} and C_{max} ratios of the Test and Reference formulations must be comprised within the acceptance interval of 80.00–125.00%.

Bioequivalence criteria are:

- the limits of the estimated confidence interval for AUC_{0-t} were within 80.00–125.00%;
- the limits of the estimated confidence interval for C_{max} were within 80.00–125.00%:

Following logarithmic transformation of AUC_{0-t} and C_{max} , the values were subjected to analysis of variance (ANOVA) in a pre-specified model in TSAP including following factors: sequence, subjects within sequence, period, and formulation. The factor 'subjects grouped within sequence' was evaluated as a random effect, meanwhile the other factors were evaluated as fixed effects. An additional analysis of variance was performed according to the model with fixed factors "sequence", "subjects within sequence", "period" and "formulation" as indicated in the Decision of the Eurasian Economic Commission No. 85.

For the evaluation of the bioequivalence, the point estimates and the 90%-confidence intervals (CI) for the comparison between Test and Reference formulations were calculated for the pharmacokinetic parameters AUC_{0-t} and C_{max} using the residual mean square error from the multifactorial ANOVA. This approach is equivalent to two one-sided tests of the null hypothesis about the non-bioequivalence at a 5% significance level for each test. In addition to this, the point estimates and the 90%-confidence intervals (CI) for secondary endpoint $AUC_{0-\infty}$ was also calculated.

For this purpose, the corresponding data were preliminary log-transformed, the ANOVA was carried out and point estimators and confidence intervals were established (in the log scale). Then the obtained point estimates and confidence intervals were back-transformed to the original scale to be expressed in nonlog geometric means.

Descriptive statistics of all pharmacokinetic parameters included arithmetic mean, standard deviation, minimum, median, maximum, arithmetic coefficient of variation, geometric mean, and geometric coefficient of variation.

Descriptive statistics of all safety parameters included arithmetic mean, standard deviation, minimum, median, maximum

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No interim analysis was planned or performed.

SUMMARY – CONCLUSIONS

Trial subjects and compliance with the clinical trial protocol

A total of 40 subjects were screened in the trial. Of these, 26 subjects were randomized and treated with the trial medications.

The overall mean (\pm SD) age was 30.0 (\pm 6.6) years. The trial included 21 women (80.8%) and 5 men (19.2%). All subjects were Caucasians.

Compliance:

All trial procedures were performed under strict control of the clinical site staff, which ensured full compliance of subjects with the requirements of the trial protocol.

No important protocol deviations were reported.

Clinical pharmacology results

The geometric mean ratio, the limits thereof and the intraindividual CV of the pharmacokinetic parameters of the exposure $(AUC_{0-t} \text{ and } AUC_{0-\infty})$ and the peak concentration (C_{max}) of meloxicam, after administration of Test and Reference products were calculated as follows:

DV	Number of	Number of	Geometric	Standard	Geometric	Standard	Geometric	Lower	Upper	CV _{intra}
Г К	subjects in R	subjects in T	mean (T)	error for T	mean (R)	error for R	mean ratio	limit of	limit of	
parameter				(gSE T)		(gSE R)	T/R, %	90% CI	90% CI	
AUC _{0-t}	26	26	27870.56	1.06	30051.25	1.06	92.74	89.02	96.62	8.66
C _{max}	26	26	1131.12	1.04	1432.83	1.04	78.94	73.70	84.56	14.57
AUC _{0-∞}	26	26	32863.87	1.09	33867.43	1.09	97.04	92.57	101.72	9.96

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	Duranta		

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Safety results

During the trial, all abnormalities in laboratory examination were reported as AE. A total of 7 AEs were reported in 3 subjects.

- 6 adverse events were reported after the Test drug intake. Of those, 4AEs were assessed as related to the Test drug by the investigator
- One adverse event was reported after the Reference Drug intake. It was assessed as not related to the Reference Drug by the investigator

All adverse events were categorised as mild adverse events. No serious adverse events or adverse events of special interest were reported. All subjects completely recovered before the end of the trial, without the use of concomitant therapy or other treatment methods.

No death was reported in the trial.

Conclusions

The statistical analysis of the pharmacokinetic data demonstrates that the point estimate and the 90% confidence interval of geometric mean ratio for AUC_{0-t} (Test vs. Reference) are within the acceptance interval of 80.00–125.00%, whereas point estimate and the 90%-confidence interval of geometric mean ratio of C_{max} (Test vs. Reference) are not within the acceptance interval of 80.00–125.00%. Therefore, the Test formulation (Movalis[®] capsules 15 mg) and the Reference formulation (Movalis[®] tablets 15 mg) are not bioequivalent in this study.